

Highlights

- Inter-comparison study
- Study with simulated images
- Demonstration of need for further examination of impact of non-constant, high resolution fields of view in tracking, e.g. convection
- Renewed attention to relation of tracer elements to height assignment process
- Considerable progress in AMV generation from MISR data
- Renewed attention to Error specification (QI,EE)
- Welcome use of the A-train to better understand relevant physics and for verification
- Beneficial impact of AMVs and other wind products documented

AMV inter-comparison study

(Recommendation 35.07)

- Project is important in terms of optimizing AMV estimation and QC and should be extended.
- Recommendation to continue and extend this activity
- Clearly define/document goal of study,
- Selection of 2008 / 2009 date, if possible to give summer and winter date.
- Coordinated with study on simulated images - same dates etc.
- Extension of comparison methods

AMV inter-comparison study

(Recommendation 35.07)

- Inter-comparison of retrievals: height, wind, all QI components, EE components (total error (m/s), horizontal error components (m/s), height error (hPa), wind determination error (m/s))
- Independent verification of AMVs.
- Common grid to be considered for verification but not (necessarily) for wind retrievals
- Tracking box size and height assignment box size to be common (even size)
- producers should document precisely steps of AMV processing, shortened ATBD
- Action: Ken, Iliana

Simulated images study

(Recommendation 35.09)

- Recommendations:
- Model studies should be used to relate AMV measurements to actual atmospheric motion
- Model studies should be used to study error characterization including error structure functions
- Recommend experiments with higher horizontal and vertical resolution

CGMS wind statistics on IWWG web-site

(Recommendation 35.12)

- CGMS wind statistics should be put on the IWWG Web Site
- Web site entry should include the local methods used in generating statistics in addition to CGMS specified criteria (e.g. for handling outliers).
- Discuss updates to CGMS specified criteria at next IWW meeting

AMV Extraction Methodologies

- Examination should be undertaken of the relative merits of different extraction methodologies (e.g. rapid scan) at different (high) temporal and spatial resolutions
- The use of rapid scan in the context of mesoscale modelling and data assimilation (NWP) should be examined

Tracking

Recommendations

- more stringent tests before derivation of vector: cloud phase, check change of vertical development, to the extent possible use channels common to all satellites
- Continued investigation of methods that relate tracking targets to the population used for height assignment (e.g. method proposed by Ryo Oyama & Regis Borde)

Quality Control

- Error characterisation:
 - QI to be developed further eg for smaller scale application
 - Expected Error to include total error [m/s], horizontal components of total error[m/s], height error[hPa], wind determination error[m/s].
- Feasibility of reporting expected errors in BUFR to be examined

Action: Le Marshall, Holmlund

The Future

Future capability and related benefits need to be documented

- A study should be presented at the next IWW on the use and benefits of hyperspectral observations for the measurement of atmospheric motion